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October 23, 2023

N.H. Supreme Court Advisory Committee on Rules 1 Charles Doe Drive Concord, NH 03301

Ref: 2023-012 New Hampshire Rules of Criminal Procedure 1-19

Committee members:

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the proposed rules. I previously submitted comments for the committee to review before your last meeting; those comments were a compendium of comments and suggestions from law enforcement and prosecutors with experience in both the Circuit and Superior Courts from across the state. In this letter, I am highlighting particularly two rules that as currently written you might consider addressing or amending before the rules are set:

Rule 4. Initial Proceedings in Circuit Court-District Division

 (a) Filing of Complaint.
 (2) If the defendant [Defendant] is detained pending arraignment, the complaint [Complaint] shall be filed prior to commencement of [no later than one (1) hour prior to] the arraignment.

A one hour time frame seems exceptionally short. Due to all of the other requirements and/or responsibilities law enforcement agencies have- particularly those staffed by one or two officers only- one hour just isn't enough time. I suggest the committee consider something along the lines of allowing a 4 hour window prior to arraignment.

2. Rule 19. Transfer of Cases.

(3) Unless otherwise allowed by statute or rule, a case shall not be transferred from circuit court [Circuit Court] to superior court [Superior Court] or from superior court [Superior Court] to circuit court [Circuit Court]. If the parties agree to resolve a case pending in circuit court [Circuit Court] or superior court

[Superior Court] in the other trial court, the State must initiate a new case in that court by filing a complaint [Complaint (Circuit Court) or Information (Superior Court)] and [by nolle prossing or] filing a notice of nolle prosequi for the original case [charges].

Where the proposed rules change allows for a bind over from the Circuit Court -District Division to Superior Court, there should also be built in a sort "remand" process, a bridge of sorts to transfer a case back from Superior Court to Circuit Court. That type of mechanism would save time and resources: having to nolle pross the charges in Superior Court, requesting a law enforcement agency to arrest the defendant anew and starting the process all over again in Circuit Court seems an unnecessary waste of everyone's time as well as a potentially needless burden on a defendant or victim. Consider as well the possibility of transferring a misdemeanor to Circuit Court from Superior Court to speed up the process of getting a defendant into a Mental Health Court or some sort of alternative sentencing court that only exists in the Circuit Court.

I am grateful for the opportunity to comment and am happy to respond to any questions the Committee might have.

Sincerely,

Marcie Hornick, Grafton County Attorney